

zandleven coatings

MONOPOX® ALUMINIUM

A two components high build epoxy coating pigmented with aluminium.

- A big watersealing capacity
- An excellent adherence on blasted and smooth steel Application as primer directly on steel, as sealer on zinc dust coating layers and as finish layer in an epoxy coating system.
- Resistant against aliphatic and aromatic solvents Limited resistance against chemicals as result of the aluminium pigment.
- Application and hardening is possible at relatively high humidity up to 90%.
- Limited resistance against chemicals as result of the aluminium pigment

Product information

Finish Metallic gloss Colour **Aluminium**

Mass density approx. 1.0 kg/L (mixed product, depending on colour) Solids content by volume approx. 58 volume % (mixed product, depending on colour)

approx. 375 gr./L (volatile organic compound)

Recommended film thickness 40-120 µm d.f.t. per layer

70-200 µm w.f.t. per layer (undiluted)

Theoretical spreading rate At 60 μm d.f.t. 8.0 m²/L

Practical spreading rate Depending on several factors like shape of object, profile of surface,

method of application, application circumstances and experience.

A few guiding principles are:

Brush/roller 85-90% of the theoretical spreading rate Spraying 50-70% of the theoretical spreading rate

Flashpoint ISO 1523 Base 32℃

Hardener 2V4 30℃ Thinner FGM 631 26℃

Dry temperature resistance

Durability At least 12 months, provided that it has been stored in closed

original packing at a dry and cool spot.

Drying times

For d.f.t. up to 60 μm Dust dry Transportable Complete hardening Recoatable: Minimum interval Maximum interval

30℃	20℃	10℃	
1½ hour	2 hour	21/2 hours	
8 hours	16 hours	24 hours	
3 days	7 days	12 days	
6 hours	8 hours	16 hours	



Film thickness, ventilation, temperature and relative humidity are of great influence on the drying times.







Application instructions

Mixing ratio Volume: Base - hardener 2V4 82:18 Weight: Base - hardener 2V4 80:20

Mixing instructions Base and hardener should be mixed and applied at temperatures above 5 ℃.

At lower temperatures extra thinner is needed, which gives a slighter resistance

against sagging and which will delay hardening.

Induction time At 20 ℃ not necessary

At 10 °C at least 10 minutes

Pot life after mixing 20 litre packing: approx. 16 hours at 10 ℃

approx. 8 hours at 20 ℃ approx. 5 hours at 30 ℃

Application conditions

During application and hardening the temperature should be above 5°C to attain maximum resistance against chemical and mechanical influences.

Application at lower temperatures(down to -5 °C) is possible, however hardening will take considerable more time and complete resistance will be achieved much later.

The surface should remain free from water and ice and the temperature of the surface should at least be 2°C above dew point.

During application and hardening in closed or small spaces, it is necessary to refresh the air continually to remove the solvent vapours, this because of drying, health and safety.

Usage information

Type of thinner Recommended thinner (depending on application and equipment) Nozzle orifice

Nozzle pressure Maximum attainable d.f.t. Cleaning of tools

Airless-spray	Airspray	Brush/roller	
FGM 631	FGM 631	FGM 631	
0 – 15 vol. %	5 – 20 vol. %	0 – 5 vol. %	
0.38 – 0.48 mm 0.015 – 0.019 inch	1.5 – 2.0 mm		
150 – 180 bar	3 – 4 bar		
100 μm	80 μm	60 μm	
Thinner FGM 631			

Surface conditions

Steel

New steel:

Acraton HS-U, Monopox SF-HB, Monopox ZF-Universal, Monopox Metalcoat ZL 70, Monopox micro-zinc or Monopox LG micro-zinc can be used as a primer.

Repair and maintenance:

Clean the surface thoroughly with a suitable cleaning preparation or by steam cleaning.

Remove salts and other water-soluble impurity by spraying with clean tap-water under high pressure.

Remove rust a.o. by (water)blasting Sa 2½ or derust mechanical until St. 2-3.

Apply the recommended paint system on a clean surface.

Mechanical or hand derusting gives less quality than (water)blasting and will result in less protection of the applied paint system.



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epoxy

Product Characteristics

No coating work shall be carried out when the temperature of the surface is less than 3° C above dewpoint and when the substrate temperature is below 5° C.

Due to the presence of solvents, applying this product in confined spaces, adequate ventilation has to be ensured.

At low temperature and under humid conditions, amine blushing can occur, which can effect the intercoat adhesion negatively. Prior to the application of the next layer, the previous layer must be checked for this phenomena.

Discoloration or loss of gloss or other surface defects, can occur during drying and curing by condensation and or early water spotting.

This coating product is based on epoxy technology. It is recommendable that it should be overcoated with a durable finish.

Maximum film build in one coat is best attained by airless spray. Application by other techniques, it may be necessary to apply multiple coats in order to achieve the total specified dry film thickness.

Safety description

See safety data sheet

Ventilation rules

Minimum required quantity of air to comply with:				
	MAC	10 % LEL		
Monopox Aluminium	1895 m³/L	70 m³/L		
Thinner FGM 631	3995 m³/L	160 m ³ /L		

MAC = Maximum Accepted Concentration

LEL = Lower Explosion Limit

Also consult the safety information sheets

Pretreatment / Labelling / Technical Terms (downloadable from www.zandleven.com)

- A 1 Labeling of paint products in the European Community
- A 2 Physical data
- A 3 Persistency list for Monopox HB systems
- A 4 General guidelines for steelpreservation
- A 5 General guidelines for the application of Acraton plastics
- A 6 Pretreatment of construction steel







These data have been drawn up to the best of our knowledge and were correct at the date of issue. However we cannot accept full responsibility, because de choice of products and circumstances during elaboration of the systems fall outside our judgement. This documentation sheet will not automatically be replaced in case of modification.

The English language text is a translation. In case of doubt the Dutch language original text has to be consulted as the authoritative text.